Symptoms of Coronavirus

**Older adults and people who have severe underlying medical conditions** like heart or lung disease or diabetes seem to be at higher risk for developing more serious complications from COVID-19 illness.

Watch for symptoms

People with COVID-19 have had a wide range of symptoms reported – ranging from mild symptoms to severe illness.

Symptoms may appear **2-14 days after exposure** **to the virus.** People with these symptoms or combinations of symptoms may have COVID-19:

* Cough
* Shortness of breath or difficulty breathing

*Or at least two of these symptoms:*

* Fever
* Chills
* Repeated shaking with chills
* Muscle pain
* Sore throat
* New loss of taste or smell

[Children](https://www.cdc.gov/coronavirus/2019-ncov/daily-life-coping/children.html#Children) have similar symptoms to adults and generally have mild illness.

This list is not all inclusive. Please consult your medical provider for any other symptoms that are severe or concerning to you.

When to Seek Medical Attention

If you have any of these **emergency warning signs\*** for COVID-19 get **medical attention immediately:**

* Trouble breathing
* Persistent pain or pressure in the chest
* New confusion or inability to arouse
* Bluish lips or face

\*This list is not all inclusive. Please consult your medical provider for any other symptoms that are severe or concerning to you.

**Call 911 if you have a medical emergency:** Notify the operator that you have, or think you might have, COVID-19. If possible, put on a cloth face covering before medical help arrives.